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1. Analysis of criminal cases declared by the contesting candidates in most of the elections held in past 10 years

The table below provides details of the number and percentage of contesting candidates with self-declared criminal cases who have contested Elections in India. The list covers most Elections held in the past 10 years. Following are the salient points that emerge from the analysis conducted by ADR and National Election Watch (NEW):

- A total of 58,401 candidates out of a total of 83,125 candidates have been analyzed by ADR in the past 10 years. Of these 58,401 candidates who contested elections, 10,618 (18%) have declared criminal cases against themselves. 7,065(12%) of the total candidates analyzed have declared serious criminal cases against themselves.
- **1160 (15%)** out of the 7,811 contesting candidates who were analyzed for the **Lok Sabha 2009** Elections, declared criminal cases against themselves. **10%** of these 7,811 contesting candidates declared **serious criminal cases** against themselves.
- In the recent elections that have been covered by ADR and NEW, the highest percentage of candidates with criminal cases (35%) contested in the Bihar 2010 Assembly Elections. The West Bengal Assembly Elections, 2011 also saw a high percentage of candidates (21%) with criminal





cases contesting elections. 17% of candidates contesting the Goa Assembly Elections in 2012 declared criminal cases against themselves.

• The lowest percentage of candidates with criminal cases (1%) contested in the Meghalaya 2008 and Manipur 2012 Assembly Elections.

Elections	No. of constituencies (A)	Candidates who contested elections	Candidates Analyzed by ADR (B)	Candidates who declared Criminals cases (C)	% candidates with criminal cases (D=C/B)	Candidates who declared heinous crimes (E)	% candidates with heinous criminal cases (F=E/B)
Goa 2012	40	215	215	38	18%	17	8%
Gujarat 2012	182	1666	1666	288	17%	49	3%
Himachal Pradesh 2012	68	459	459	71	15%	21	5%
Manipur 2012	60	279	274	3	1%	2	1%
Punjab 2012	117	1078	1057	116	11%	79	7%
Uttar Pradesh 2012	403	6839	6722	1322	20%	1013	15%
Uttarakhand 2012	70	788	766	109	14%	68	9%
Assam 2011	126	981	962	98	10%	67	7%
Kerala 2011	140	971	433	181	42%	73	17%
Puducherry 2011	30	187	190	26	14%	12	6%
Tamil Nadu 2011	234	2748	738	143	19%	99	13%
West Bengal 2011	294	1792	1333	277	21%	212	16%
Bihar 2010	243	2135	2490	874	35%	612	25%
Andhra Pradesh 2009	294	3655	3181	398	13%	273	9%
Arunachal Pradesh 2009	60	157	155	4	3%	1	1%
Haryana 2009	90	1222	858	92	11%	76	9%
Jharkhand 2009	81	1491	1443	400	28%	284	20%
Maharashtra 2009	288	3559	3530	853	24%	548	16%
Orissa 2009	147	1288	1288	295	23%	222	17%
Sikkim 2009	32	167	167	23	14%	3	2%
Chattisgarh 2008	90	1066	897	83	9%	43	5%





Elections	No. of constituencies (A)	Candidates who contested elections	Candidates Analyzed by ADR (B)	Candidates who declared Criminals cases (C)	% candidates with criminal cases (D=C/B)	Candidates who declared heinous crimes (E)	% candidates with heinous criminal cases (F=E/B)
Delhi 2008	70	875	782	119	15%	85	11%
Jammu & Kashmir 2008	87	1354	1041	45	4%	32	3%
Karnataka 2008	224	2242	1867	235	13%	127	7%
Madhya Pradesh 2008	230	3179	3049	463	15%	295	10%
Meghalaya 2008	60	338	341	5	1%	3	1%
Mizoram 2008	40	206	205	6	3%	3	1%
Nagaland 2008	60	218	226	4	2%	3	1%
Rajasthan 2008	200	2194	2109	243	12%	145	7%
Tripura 2008	60	313	309	8	3%	5	2%
Goa 2007	40	202	168	30	18%	20	12%
Gujarat 2007	182	1268	583	132	23%	87	15%
Himachal 2007	68	336	344	63	18%	30	9%
Manipur 2007	60	308	304	5	2%	5	2%
Punjab 2007	116	1043	527	70	13%	51	10%
Uttar Pradesh 2007	403	6086	1892	526	28%	432	23%
Uttarakhand 2007	69	785	263	47	18%	26	10%
Assam 2006	126	997	251	16	6%	11	4%
Kerala 2006	140	931	279	125	45%	67	24%
Pondicherry 2006	30	218	148	15	10%	10	7%
Tamil Nadu 2006	234	2586	783	167	21%	93	12%
West Bengal 2006	294	1654	571	133	23%	114	20%
Arunachal Pradesh 2004	60	168	114	2	2%	0	0%
Bihar 2005	243	3523	918	358	39%	253	28%
Haryana 2005	90	983	179	37	21%	31	17%
Jharkhand	81	1390	148	61	41%	47	32%





Elections	No. of constituencies (A)	Candidates who contested elections	Candidates Analyzed by ADR (B)	Candidates who declared Criminals cases (C)	% candidates with criminal cases (D=C/B)	Candidates who declared heinous crimes (E)	% candidates with heinous criminal cases (F=E/B)
2005							
Maharashtra 2004	288	2678	576	251	44%	160	28%
Orissa 2004	147	802	163	63	39%	40	25%
Lok Sabha 2004	543	5435	3290	473	14%	328	10%
Lok Sabha 2009	543	8070	7811	1160	15%	761	10%
Rajya Sabha	243	N.A	336	62	18%	27	8%
Total	8120	83125	58401	10618	18%	7065	12%

Table 1: Declared Criminal Cases declared by contesting candidates

2. <u>Analysis of criminal cases declared by the elected members in most of the elections held in past 10 years</u>

The table below provides details of the number and percentage of elected members in most elections held in the past 10 years, who have declared criminal cases against themselves. Following are the salient points that emerge from the analysis that has been conducted by ADR and NEW:

- A total of 8,120 elected representatives have been analyzed by ADR and NEW from most of the
 Elections that have been held in India in the last 10 years. Out of these 8,120 elected
 representatives, 2,468 or 31% have declared criminal cases against themselves. 1,611 or 20% of
 the total number of elected representatives that have been analyzed have declared serious
 criminal cases against themselves.
- **164 (30%)** out of the 543 **Lok Sabha MPs have declared criminal cases** against themselves. **17%** of Lok Sabha MPs have declared **serious criminal** cases against themselves.
- The Jharkhand 2009 Assembly has the highest percentage of elected representatives (74%) who
 declared criminal cases against themselves. 60 out of 81 MLAs of the Jharkhand 2009 Assembly
 declared criminal cases against themselves.
- Among the recent elections that have been covered by ADR and NEW, the Bihar 2010 Assembly
 has 58% MLAs who have declared criminal cases against themselves. The Uttar Pradesh 2012
 Assembly has 47% MLAs with criminal cases.
- None of the MLAs from the Nagaland 2008 Assembly Elections and the Manipur 2012 Assembly Elections declared criminal cases against themselves.





Elections	No. of constituencies (A)	Candidates who contested elections	Candidates Analyzed by ADR (B)	Elected Members (MPs & MLAs) who declared criminal cases (C)	% Elected Members (MPs & MLAs) with criminal cases (D=C/A)	Elected Members (MPs & MLAs) who declared heinous cases (E)	% Elected members with heinous cases (F=E/A)
Goa 2012	40	215	215	12	30%	6	15%
Gujarat 2012	182	1666	1666	57	31%	7	4%
Himachal Pradesh 2012	68	459	459	14	21%	2	3%
Manipur 2012	60	279	274	0	0%	0	0%
Punjab 2012	117	1078	1057	22	19%	16	14%
Uttar Pradesh 2012	403	6839	6722	189	47%	146	36%
Uttarakhand 2012	70	788	766	20	29%	13	19%
Assam 2011	126	981	962	13	10%	8	6%
Kerala 2011	140	971	433	69	49%	24	17%
Puducherry 2011	30	187	190	10	33%	5	17%
Tamil Nadu 2011	234	2748	738	70	30%	50	21%
West Bengal 2011	294	1792	1333	103	35%	92	31%
Bihar 2010	243	2135	2490	141	58%	91	37%
Andhra Pradesh 2009	294	3655	3181	81	28%	51	17%
Arunachal Pradesh 2009	60	157	155	2	3%	0	0%
Haryana 2009	90	1222	858	15	17%	13	14%
Jharkhand 2009	81	1491	1443	60	74%	44	54%
Maharashtra 2009	288	3559	3530	146	51%	94	33%
Orissa 2009	147	1288	1288	48	33%	37	25%
Sikkim 2009	32	167	167	1	3%	0	0%
Chattisgarh 2008	90	1066	897	9	10%	7	8%
Delhi 2008	70	875	782	33	47%	24	34%
Jammu & Kashmir 2008	87	1354	1041	7	8%	4	5%





Floated 0/ Floated Floated								
Elections	No. of constituencies (A)	Candidates who contested elections	Candidates Analyzed by ADR (B)	Elected Members (MPs & MLAs) who declared criminal cases (C)	% Elected Members (MPs & MLAs) with criminal cases (D=C/A)	Elected Members (MPs & MLAs) who declared heinous cases (E)	% Elected members with heinous cases (F=E/A)	
Karnataka 2008	224	2242	1867	48	21%	26	12%	
Madhya Pradesh 2008	230	3179	3049	59	26%	41	18%	
Meghalaya 2008	60	338	341	1	2%	1	2%	
Mizoram 2008	40	206	205	4	10%	1	3%	
Nagaland 2008	60	218	226	0	0%	0	0%	
Rajasthan 2008	200	2194	2109	30	15%	21	11%	
Tripura 2008	60	313	309	3	5%	2	3%	
Goa 2007	40	202	168	9	23%	7	18%	
Gujarat 2007	182	1268	583	50	27%	34	19%	
Himachal 2007	68	336	344	28	41%	13	19%	
Manipur 2007	60	308	304	1	2%	1	2%	
Punjab 2007	116	1043	527	21	18%	16	14%	
Uttar Pradesh 2007	403	6086	1892	148	37%	124	31%	
Uttarakhand 2007	69	785	263	18	26%	8	12%	
Assam 2006	126	997	251	7	6%	6	5%	
Kerala 2006	140	931	279	69	49%	39	28%	
Pondicherry 2006	30	218	148	6	20%	5	17%	
Tamil Nadu 2006	234	2586	783	77	33%	38	16%	
West Bengal 2006	294	1654	571	45	15%	37	13%	
Arunachal Pradesh 2004	60	168	114	2	3%	0	0%	
Bihar 2005	243	3523	918	117	48%	82	34%	
Haryana 2005	90	983	179	28	31%	23	26%	
Jharkhand 2005	81	1390	148	31	38%	25	31%	
Maharashtra 2004	288	2678	576	132	46%	81	28%	





Elections	No. of constituencies (A)	Candidates who contested elections	Candidates Analyzed by ADR (B)	Elected Members (MPs & MLAs) who declared criminal cases (C)	% Elected Members (MPs & MLAs) with criminal cases (D=C/A)	Elected Members (MPs & MLAs) who declared heinous cases (E)	% Elected members with heinous cases (F=E/A)
Orissa 2004	147	802	163	58	39%	36	24%
Lok Sabha 2004	543	5435	3290	128	24%	88	16%
Lok Sabha 2009	543	8070	7811	164	30%	95	17%
Rajya Sabha	243	N.A	336	62	0.26	27	0.11
Total	8120	83125	58401	2468	31%	1611	20%

Table 2: Declared Criminal Cases by Elected Members

3. Party-wise MPs/MLAs who have declared criminal cases in most of the elections held in past 10 years:

The table below provides details of Party-wise MPAs/MLAs who have declared criminal cases in most of the elections held in the past 10 years. Following are the salient points that emerge from the analysis that was conducted by ADR and NEW:

- 82% of MPs and MLAs who have gotten elected on JMM tickets have declared criminal cases against themselves. 64% of MPs and MLAs who have gotten elected on RJD tickets have declared criminal cases against themselves. 48% of elected representatives who have gotten elected on SP tickets have declared criminal cases against themselves.
- 31% of MPs and MLAs who have gotten elected on BJP tickets have declared criminal cases against themselves (Out of the 1017 MPs and MLAs from BJP, 313 have declared criminal cases).
 21% of MPs and MLAs who have gotten elected on INC tickets have declared criminal cases against themselves (Out of the 1433 elected representatives from INC, 305 have declared criminal cases against themselves).

Party	Total number of Members (MPs & MLAs) analyzed	Members (MPs & MLAs) with declared criminal cases	% of Members (MPs & MLAs) with declared criminal cases	Members (MPs & MLAs) with serious declared criminal cases	% of Members (MPs & MLAs) with serious declared criminal cases
INC	1433	305	21 %	107	8 %
BJP	1017	313	31 %	118	12 %
SP	262	125	48 %	68	26 %
AITC	225	74	33 %	55	24 %
AIADMK	160	52	33 %	30	19 %
JD(U)	145	68	47 %	44	30 %
BSP	138	47	34 %	25	18 %





	Total number of	Members (MPs	% of Members	Members (MPs	% of Members
Doube	Members (MPs	& MLAs) with	(MPs & MLAs)	& MLAs) with	(MPs & MLAs)
Party	& MLAs)	declared	with declared	serious declared	with serious
	analyzed	criminal cases	criminal cases	criminal cases	declared criminal cases
IND	132	56	42.0/	24	18 %
IND			42 %	24	
BJD	125	31	25 %	19	15 %
NCP	109	32	29 %	11	10 %
TDP	94	37	39 %	15	16 %
CPM	66	4	6 % 17 %	1	2 %
SAD	64	11		3	5 %
CPI(M)	107	31	29 %	12	11 %
DMK	50	13	26 %	3	6 %
SS	48	37	77 %	13	27 %
CPI	37	8	22 %	2	5 %
SDF	34	1	3 %	1	3 %
RJD	33	21	64 %	11	33 %
INLD	31	6	19 %	1	3 %
DMDK	29	6	21 %	1	3 %
JD(S)	27	9	33 %	5	19 %
JMM	22	18	82 %	10	46 %
JKNC	21	1	5 %	0	0 %
JKPDP	21	1	5 %	0	0 %
ML	20	8	40 %	0	0 %
TRS	18	12	67 %	5	28 %
AIUDF	18	6	33 %	4	22 %
YUVAJANA SRAMIKA RYTHU					
CONGRESS	17	3	18 %	0	0 %
PARTY					
PRAP	16	8	50 %	3	19 %
AIFB	15	5	33 %	5	33 %
ALL INDIA N.R.					
CONGRESS	15	5	33 %	1	7 %
RSP	14	1	7 %	1	7 %
RLD	13	4	31 %	2	15 %
MNS	13	10	77 %	6	46 %
AGP	13	1	8 %	0	0 %
JVM(P)	11	8	73 %	5	46 %
SHS	10	8	80 %	2	20 %
KC[M]	9	5	56 %	0	0 %
ADMK	9	4	44 %	3	33 %
AIMIM	8	5	63 %	5	63 %
HJC(BL)	7	1	14 %	1	14 %
LJP	6	4	67 %	2	33 %
AJSU	5	4	80 %	1	20 %
BJSH	5	3	60 %	1	20 %
JD[S]	4	1	25 %	0	0 %
GJM	4	3	75 %	3	75 %
PECP	4	2	50 %	1	25 %
PWPI	4	1	25 %	0	0 %
BVA	3	1	33 %	0	0 %
QED	2	1	50 %	1	50 %
SJD	2	1	50 %	0	0 %
MANITHANEYA	2	1	50 %	0	0 %





Party	Total number of Members (MPs & MLAs) analyzed	Members (MPs & MLAs) with declared criminal cases	% of Members (MPs & MLAs) with declared criminal cases	Members (MPs & MLAs) with serious declared criminal cases	% of Members (MPs & MLAs) with serious declared criminal cases
MAKKAL KATCHI					
GVP	2	1	50 %	1	50 %
YSRCP	2	1	50 %	0	0 %
JSS	2	2	100 %	0	0 %
PUTHIYA THAMILAGAM	2	1	50 %	1	50 %
LSP	2	1	50 %	1	50 %
VCK	1	1	100 %	1	100 %
LSWP	1	1	100 %	0 %	LSWP
JHARKHAND JANADHIKAR MANCH	1	1	100 %	1	100 %
MARXIST CO- ORDINATION	1	1	100 %	0	0 %
INC(I)	1	1	100 %	0	0 %
RASHTRIYA KALYAN PAKSHA	1	1	100 %	1	100 %
SWABHIMANIP	1	1	100 %	0	0 %
AJSU PARTY	1	1	100 %	0	0 %
JVM	1	1	100 %	0	0 %
KC(J)	1	1	100 %	0	0 %
JHARKHAND PARTY	1	1	100 %	1	100 %
RSPB	1	1	100 %	1	100 %
IEMC	1	1	100 %	0	0 %
MDMK	1	1	100 %	0	0 %
JKDPN	1	1	100 %	1	1000 %
KCB	1	1	100 %	0	0 %
Total	4835	1448	31%	641	13%

Table 3: Declared Criminal Cases Party-Wise

^{*}Serious cases category considered in this table3 is not heinous cases category considered in Table 1 & Table 2