To

The All Chief Electoral Officers
of the States & Union Territories.

Sub: Account of election expenses of candidates - Section 77(1) of the Representation of the People Act. 1951 – regarding.

Sir/Madam,

Section 77(1) of the Representation of the People Act, 1951 mandates every contesting candidate at an election to maintain the correct account of expenditure incurred/authorised in connection with the election. Clause (a) of Explanation 1 to Section 77(1) provides that the expenditure on travel incurred by leaders of a political party for propagating programme of that party shall not be treated as expenditure in connection with the election incurred/authorised by a candidate of that political party for the purposes of the said Section. Explanation 2 to Section 77(1) provides that the list of leaders of a political party (40 in the case of recognized parties and 20 in the case of registered unrecognized parties) is to be submitted within 7 days from the issue of notification to the Commission and to the Chief Electoral Officer of the State concerned for availing of the benefit of Clause (a) of Explanation 1.

Clarifications have been sought regarding accounting of travel expenses of a leader of a political party covered under Explanation 2 to Section 77(1) when such leader happens to be a candidate himself. It is only
logical to conclude that the visit of a contesting candidate to the constituency from where he is contesting election is for the purpose of promoting his own election prospect. When a candidate travels in his constituency for election campaigning, the expenses incurred in connection with the journey has to be treated as part of his election expenses. Therefore, it is clarified that, in such situations, the expenses incurred on account of the journey(s) performed by such leader within the constituency from where he/she is contesting election cannot be exempted from the election expenditure account of that person.

2. It has been observed that in some cases political parties, while communicating the names of leaders of that party under Explanation 2 to Section 77(1), have included the names of persons who are leaders of other political parties or who are not members of that political party. It is made clear that as per the provisions of the law referred to above, a political party can nominate only those persons who are members of that party as its leaders for the purposes of Explanations 1&2 to Section 77(1). In other words, a person who is not a member of the party cannot be nominated as ‘leader’ of the party for the purposes of Section 77(1).

3. It has also been seen in the past that after submitting the list of leaders with the Commission, the political parties approach the Commission for substituting the names therein. In this context, it is pointed out that as per the
proviso to Explanation 2, substituting a name from the list is permitted under the law only where any of the persons mentioned in the list dies or ceases to be a member of the political party concerned and not otherwise.

4. These instructions/clarifications may be brought to the notice of all the District Election Officers/Returning Officers and all election authorities. This may also be brought to the notice of all political parties based in the State including the State Units of recognized national and State parties.

5. Please acknowledge receipt.

Yours faithfully,

(K. F. WILFRED)
SECRETARY

Copy to all recognized political parties for information and compliance.